

Towards an atmospheric-waves coupled operational system at DWD

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Deutscher Wetterdienst
Wetter und Klima aus einer Hand



ICON modelling framework

ICON

Icosahedral Nonhydrostatic modeling framework

German Weather Service (DWD)
Karlsruhe Institute of Technology (KIT)
Max Planck Institute for Meteorology (MPI-M)
German Climate Computing Center (DKRZ)
Institute of Oceanography, Universität Hamburg



ICON-NWP

Numerical weather prediction model

Operational weather forecast
(since Jan 2015)



ICON-ESM

Earth system model

Climate projections, seamless
seasonal to decadal prediction
(work in progress)

ICON (Icosahedral Nonhydrostatic) Model



Schematic depiction of the icosahedral grid structure of ICON

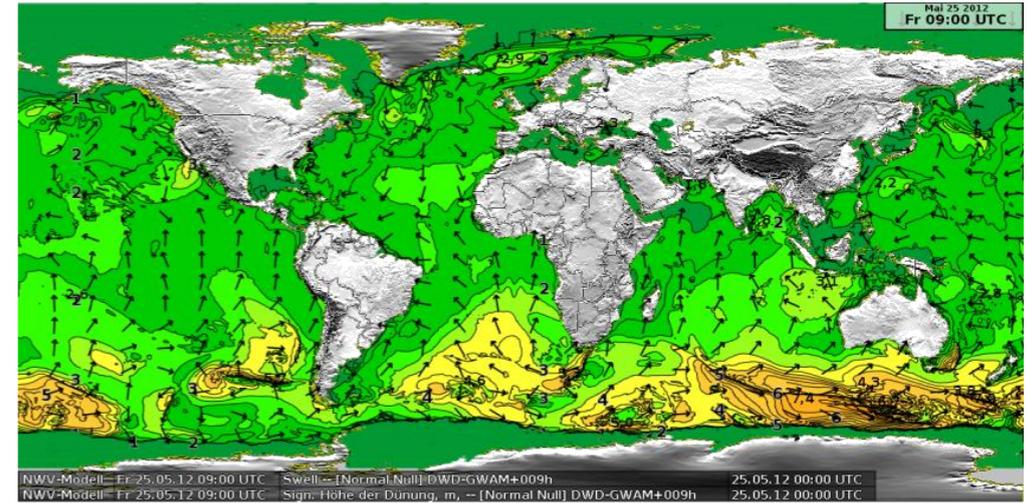


Example of an ICON grid with a refinement area

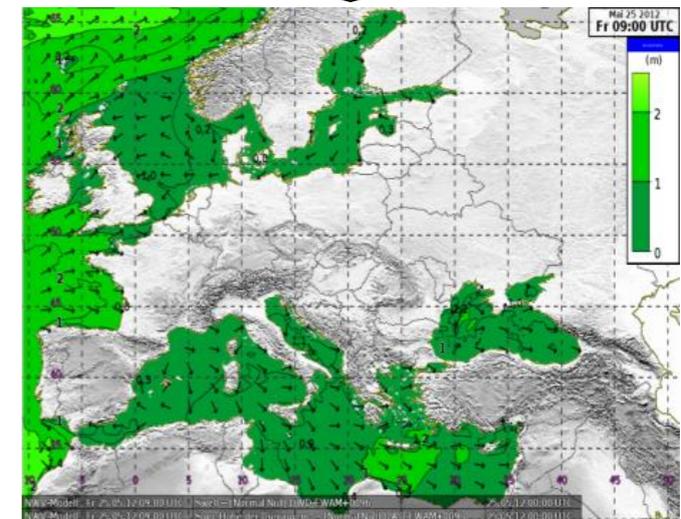
In the current operational version, the global ICON grid has 2,949,120 triangles, corresponding to an average area of 173 km² and thus to an effective mesh size of about **13 km**.

Current wave forecast system

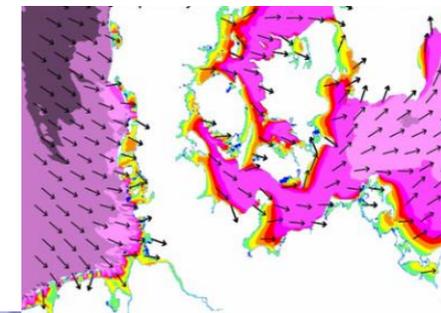
Global (GWAM)
 89.25°N – 86°S
 0.25°x0.25° (25km)
 30 frequencies, 36 directions
 174 hours, hourly



European seas (EWAM)
 66°N and 10.5°W
 0.05° x 0.1° (5 km)
 30 frequencies, 36 directions
 120 hours, hourly



German coast (CWAM-HBM)
 ~53°N and ~6°W
 30'' x 50'' (~900m)
 30 frequencies, 36 directions
 78 hours, hourly



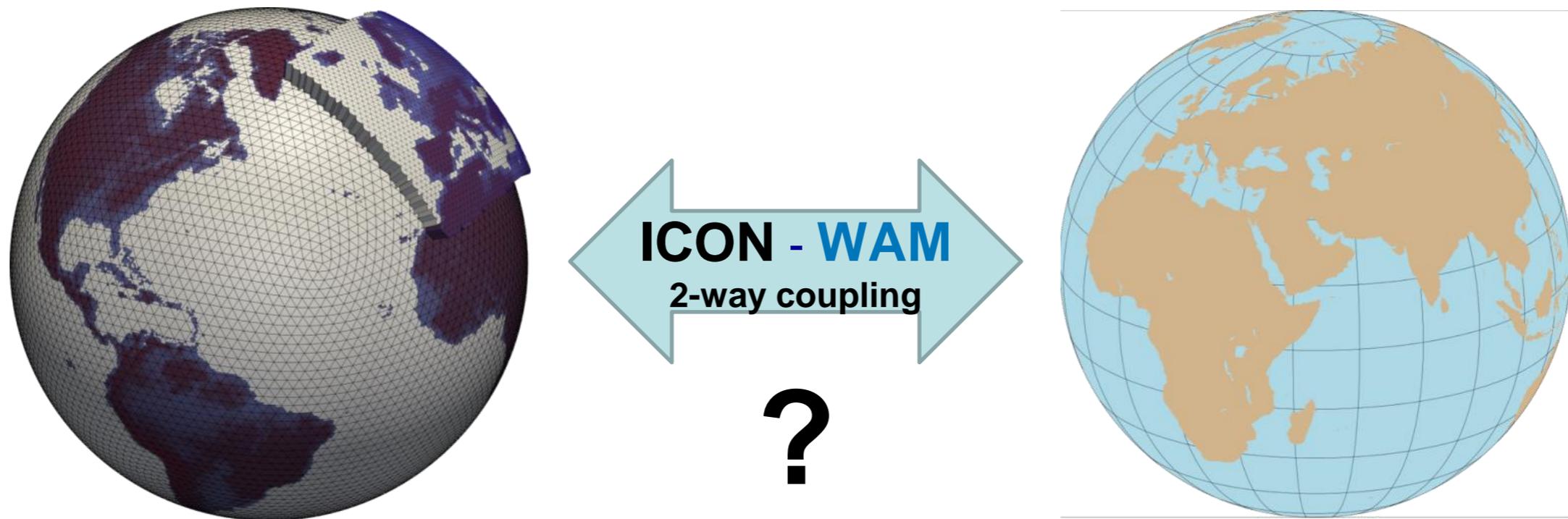
ICON / ICON-EU

New forecast system

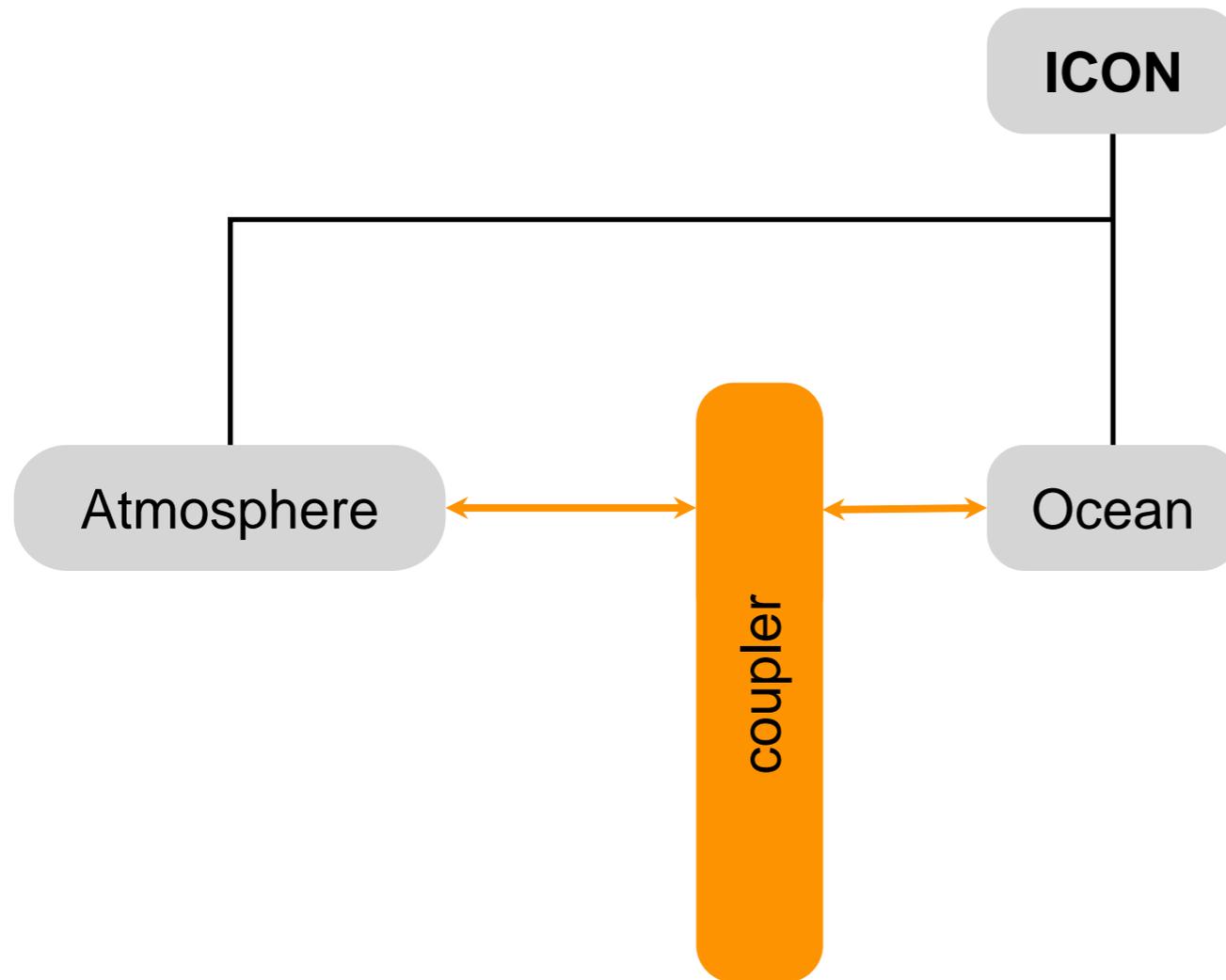
Innovation Programme for Applied Researches and Developments
(IAFE)

Two way ICON-WAM coupling.

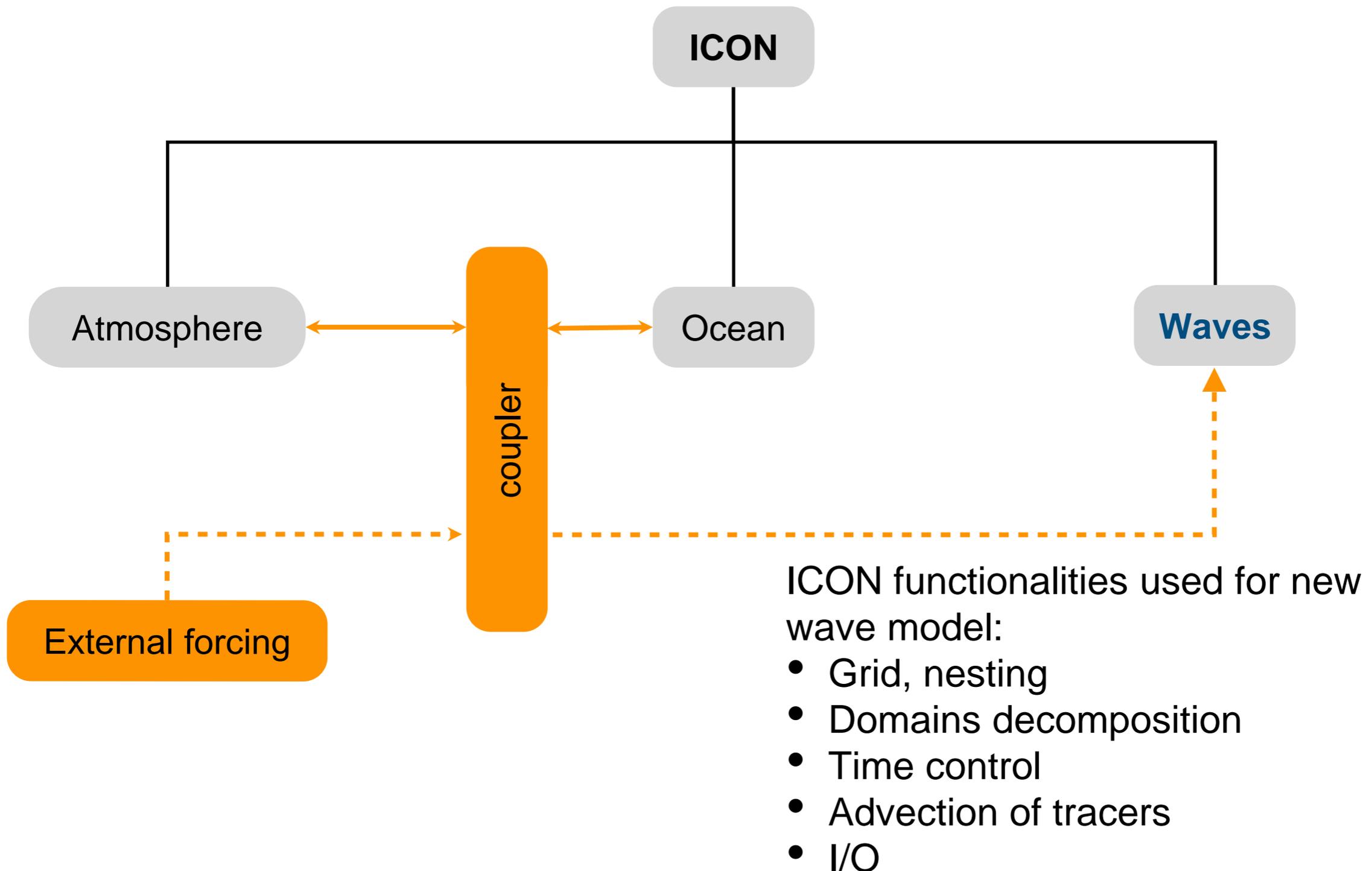
IAFE-Project 2WICWAM (03.2019 - 03.2023)



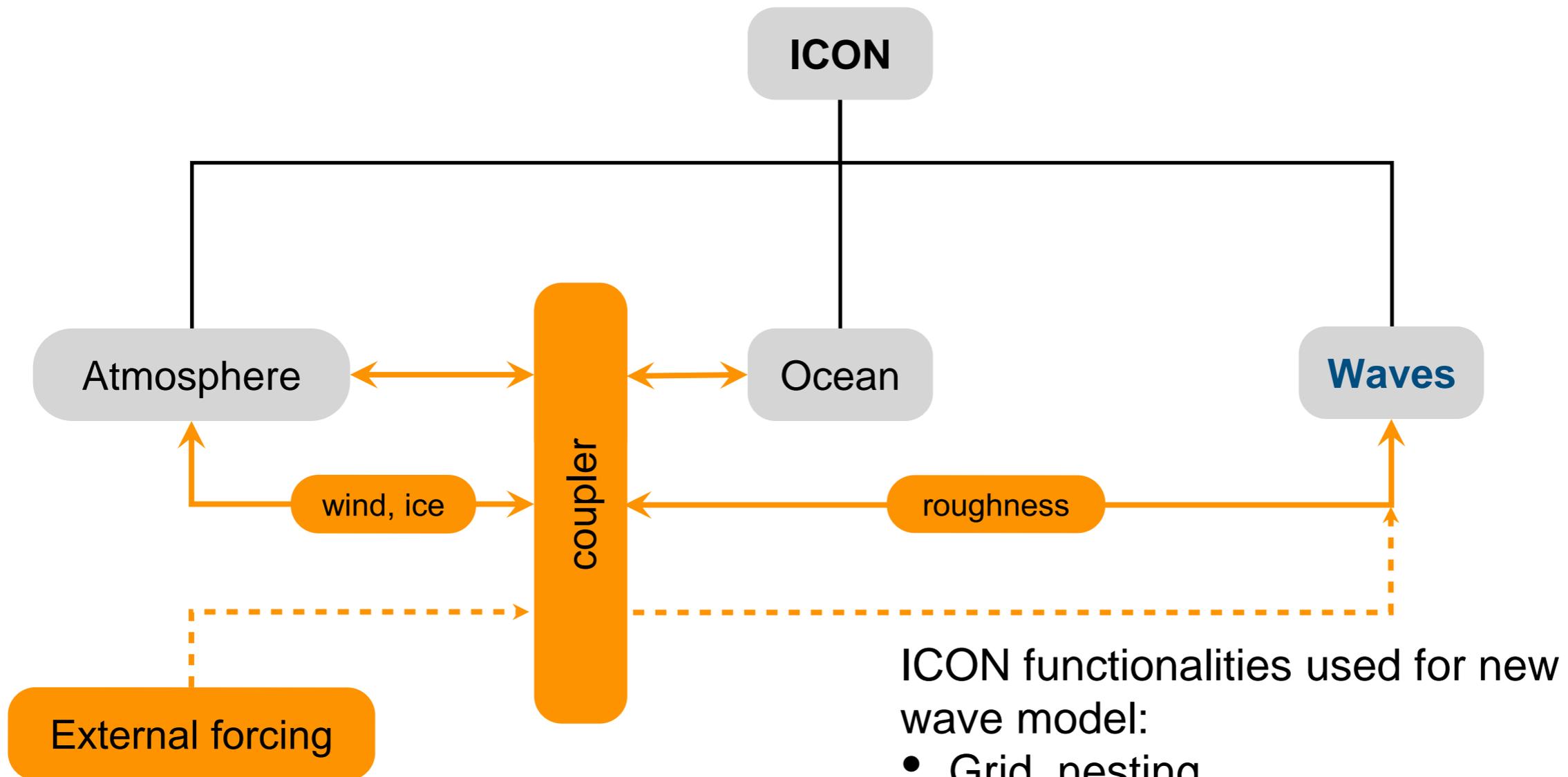
ICON-waves concept



ICON-waves concept



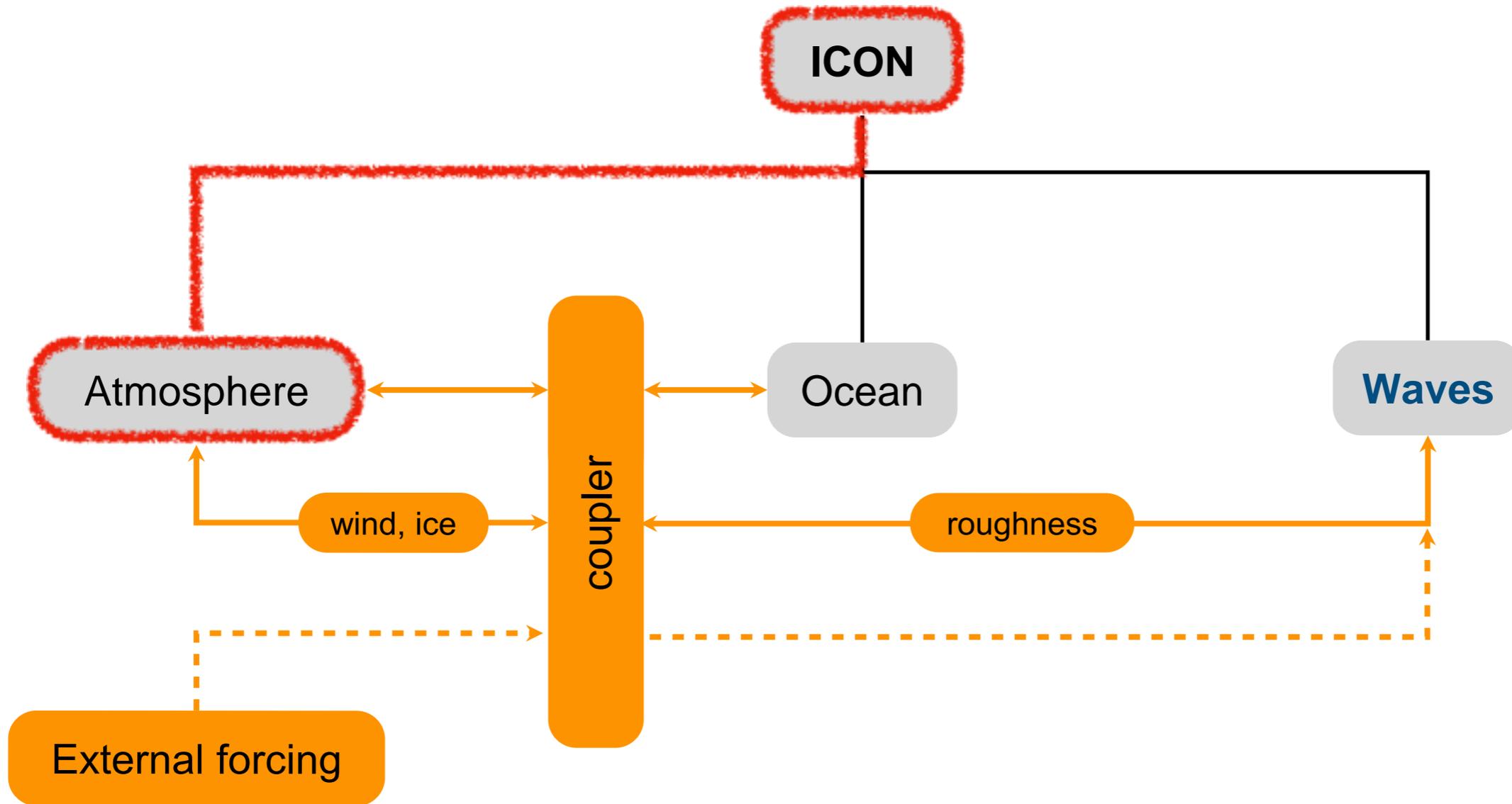
ICON-waves concept



ICON functionalities used for new wave model:

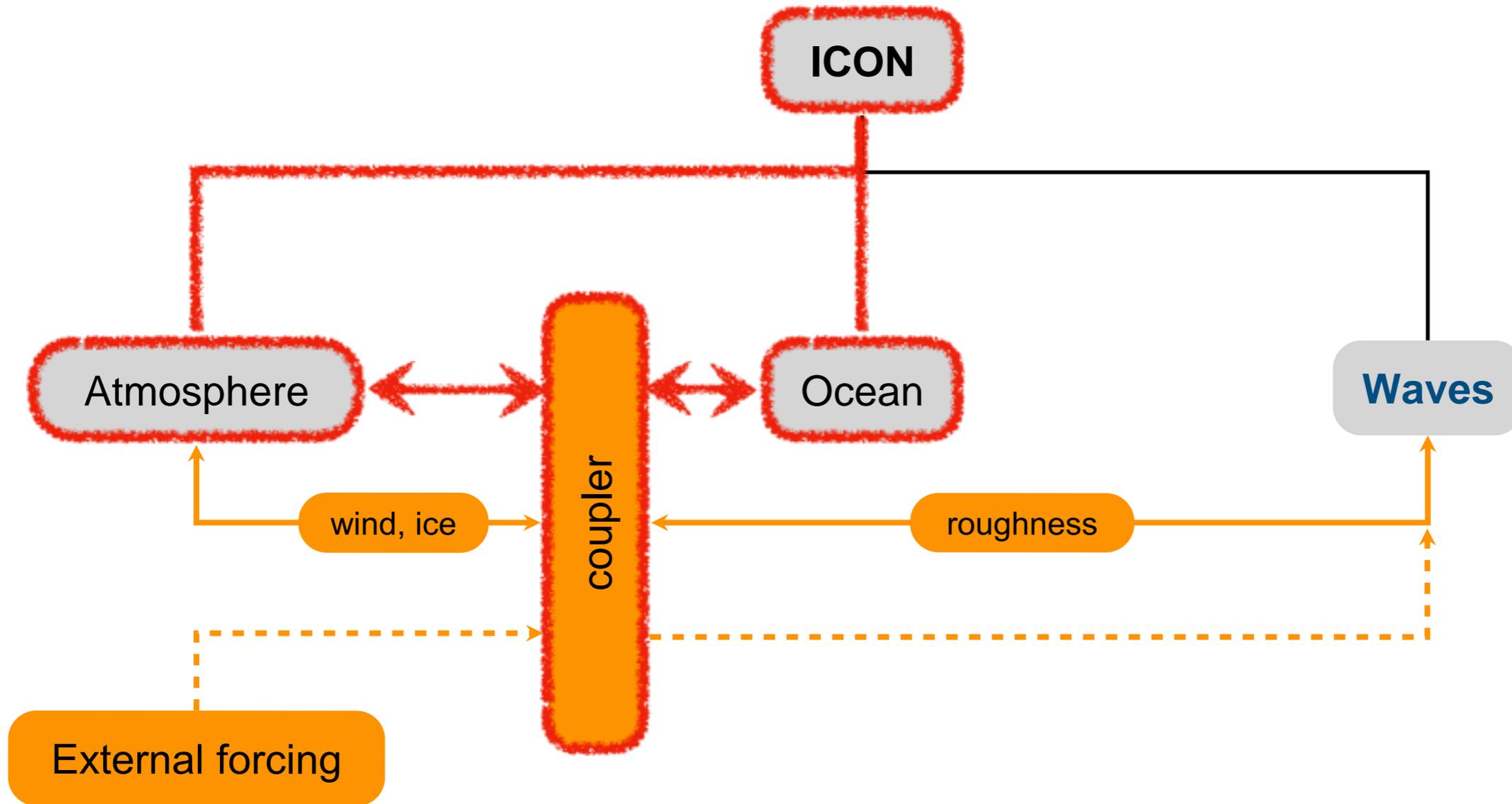
- Grid, nesting
- Domains decomposition
- Time control
- Advection of tracers
- I/O

ICON-waves concept



Forecast system
ICON-NWP

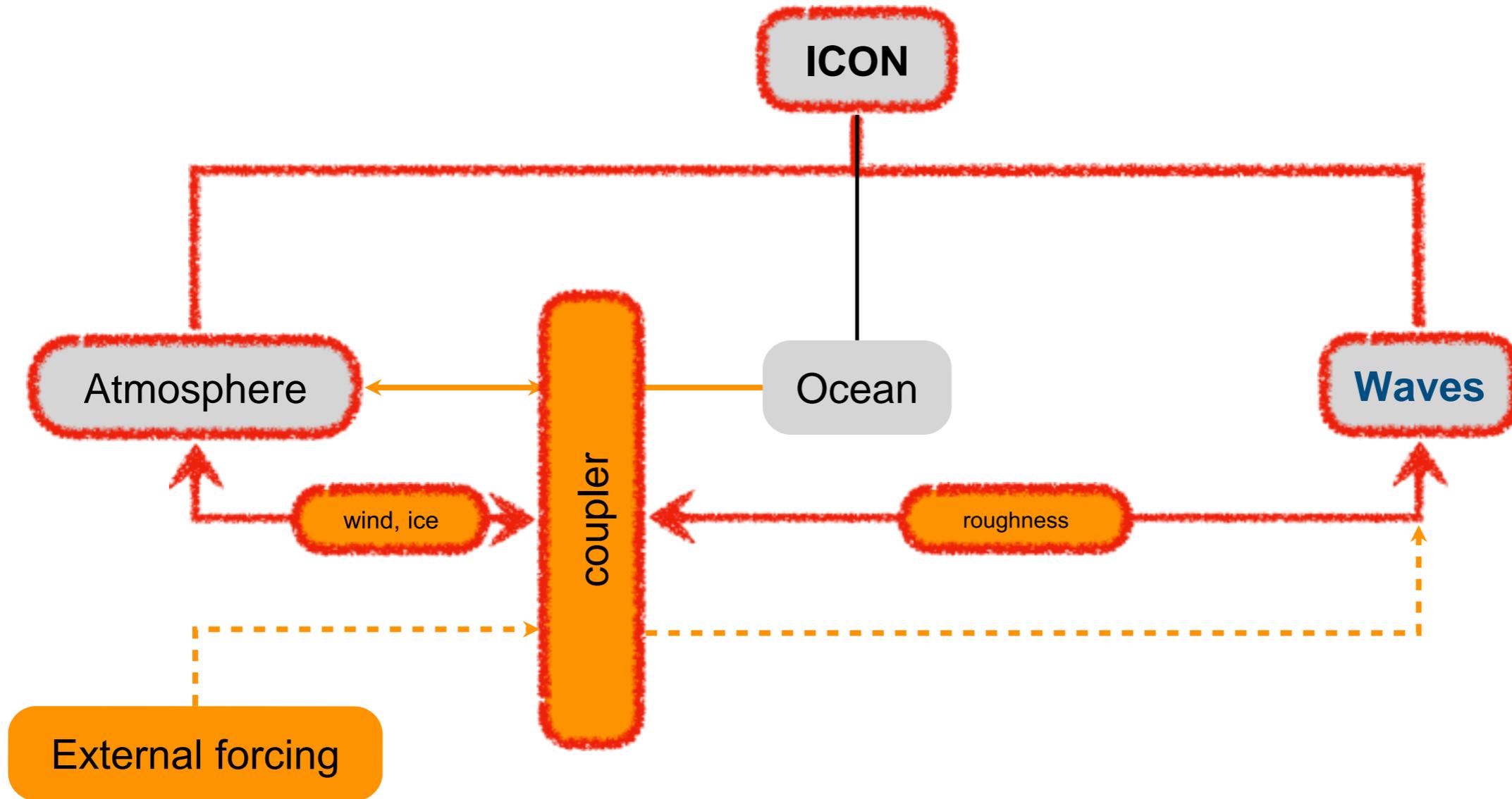
ICON-waves concept



Climate prediction system
ICON-ESM*

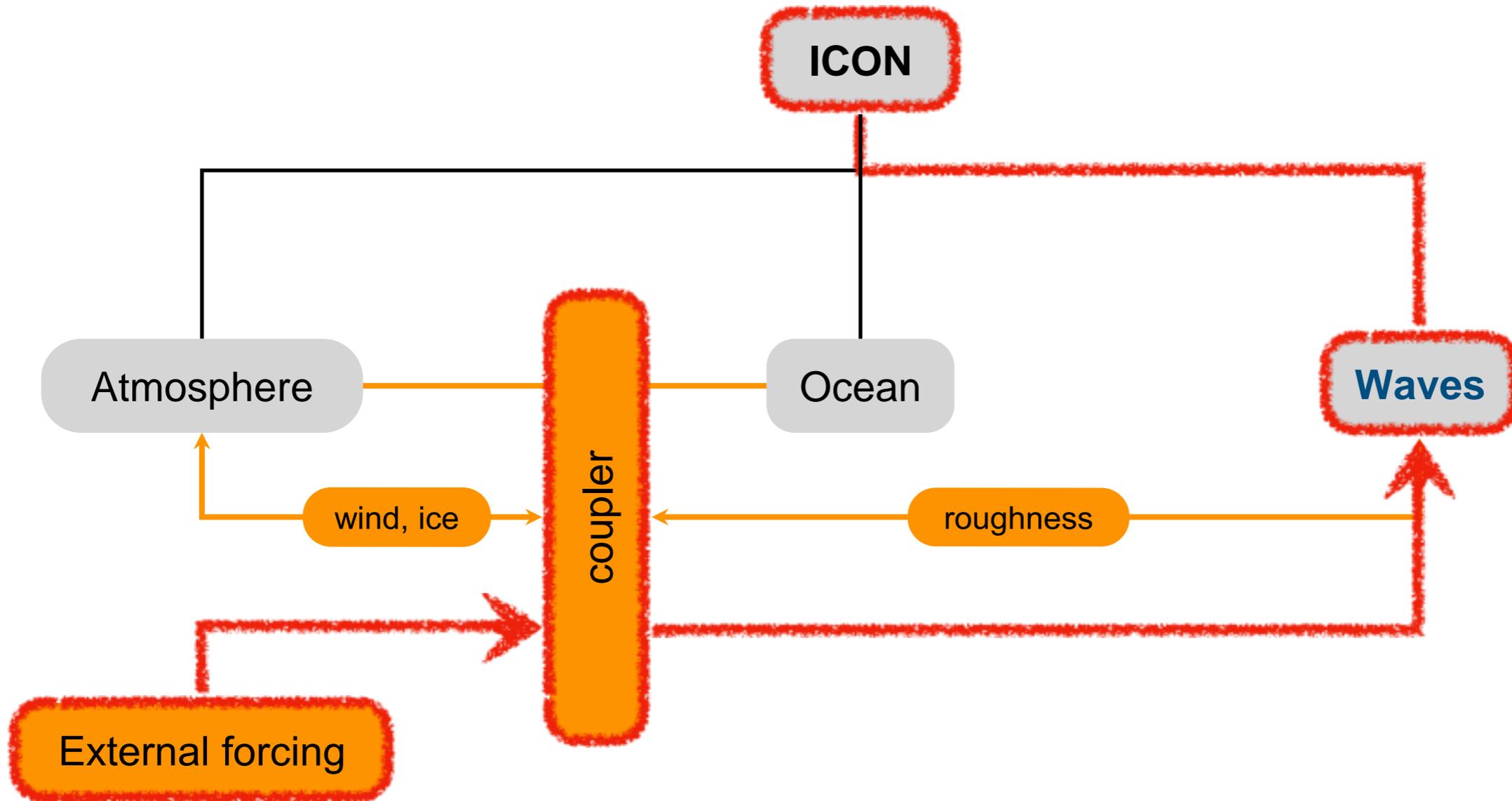
* land and ocean biogeochemistry models are not shown here

ICON-waves concept



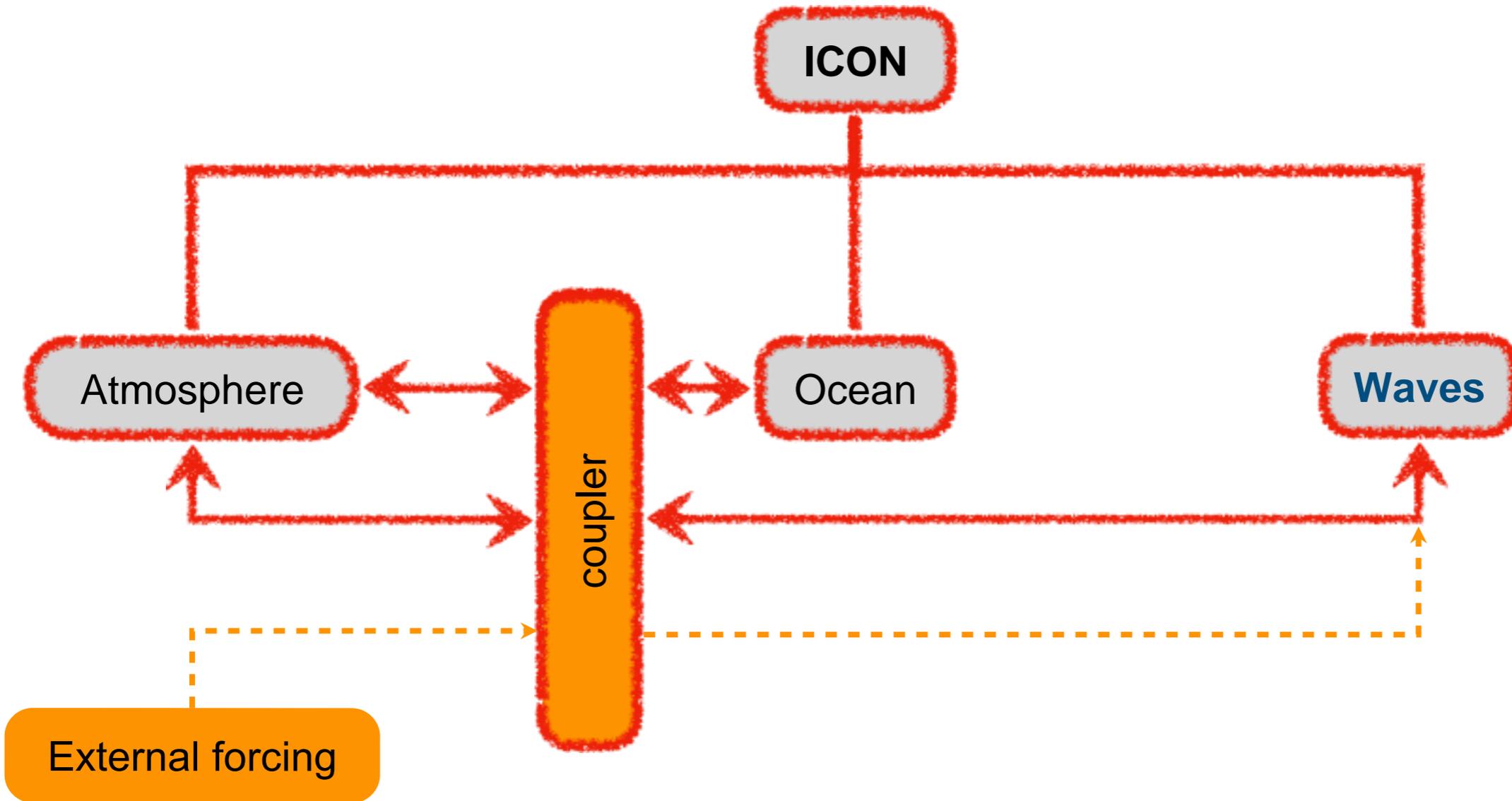
Forecast system
ICON-NWP-WAVES

ICON-waves concept



Forecast system
ICON-WAVES
 stand alone

ICON-waves concept



Further ideas
ICON-NWP + OCEAN + WAVES
 or **ICON-ESM + WAVES**

Simulation of wave spectrum

$$\frac{\partial E}{\partial t} + \nabla (c_g E) = S = S_{in} + S_{dis} + S_{nl}$$

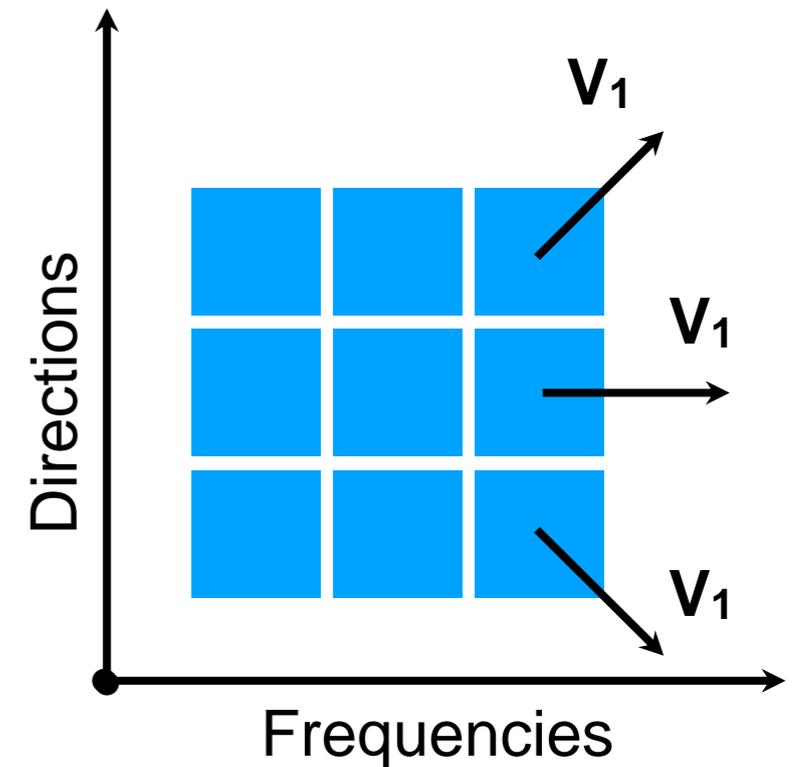
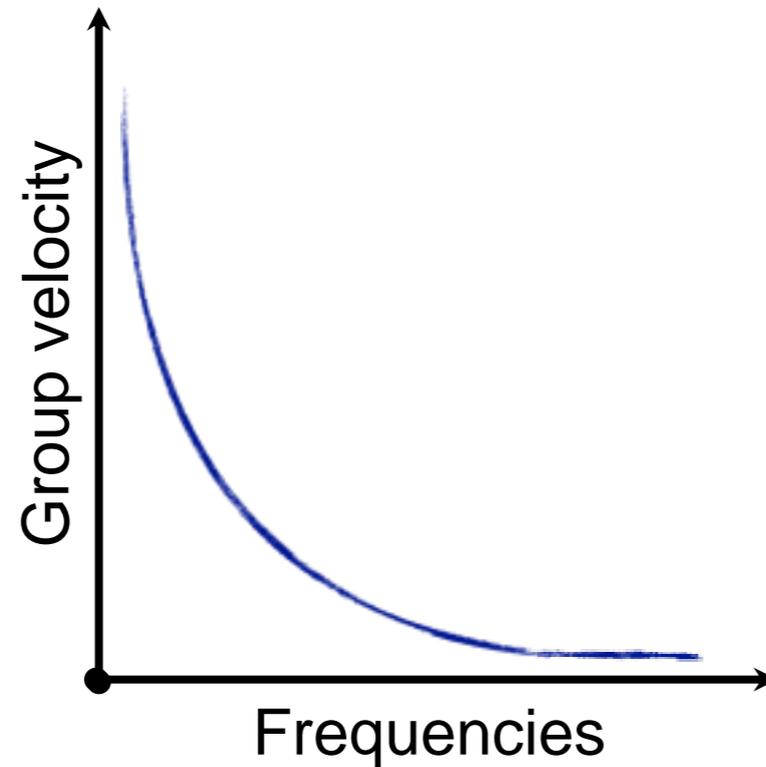
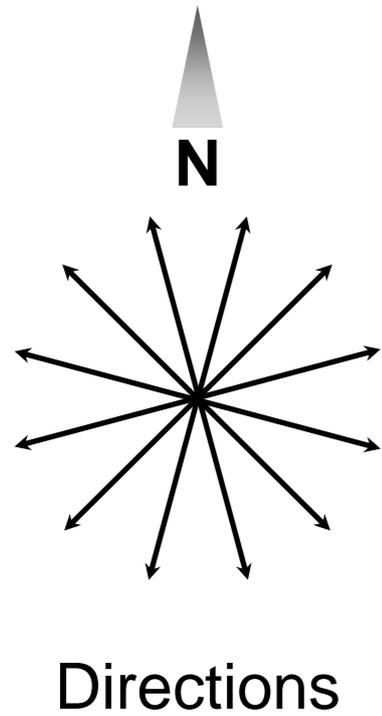


Propagation of energy



Wave physics

Simulation of wave spectrum



Wave spectrum as a collection of energy bins “tracers” that can be advected



Existing ICON advection schemes can be used

ICON-waves: proof of concept

$$\boxed{\frac{\partial E}{\partial t} + \nabla(c_g E)} = S = \boxed{S_{in} + S_{dis}} + \cancel{S_{nl}}$$

ICON advection
Adopted from WAM**

Finite volume discretisation
 Flux Form Semi-Lagrangian (FFSL)
 scheme*

First advection tests:

- Deep ocean
- Initial JONSWAP spectrum
- Constant wind in two regions
- No non-linear effects

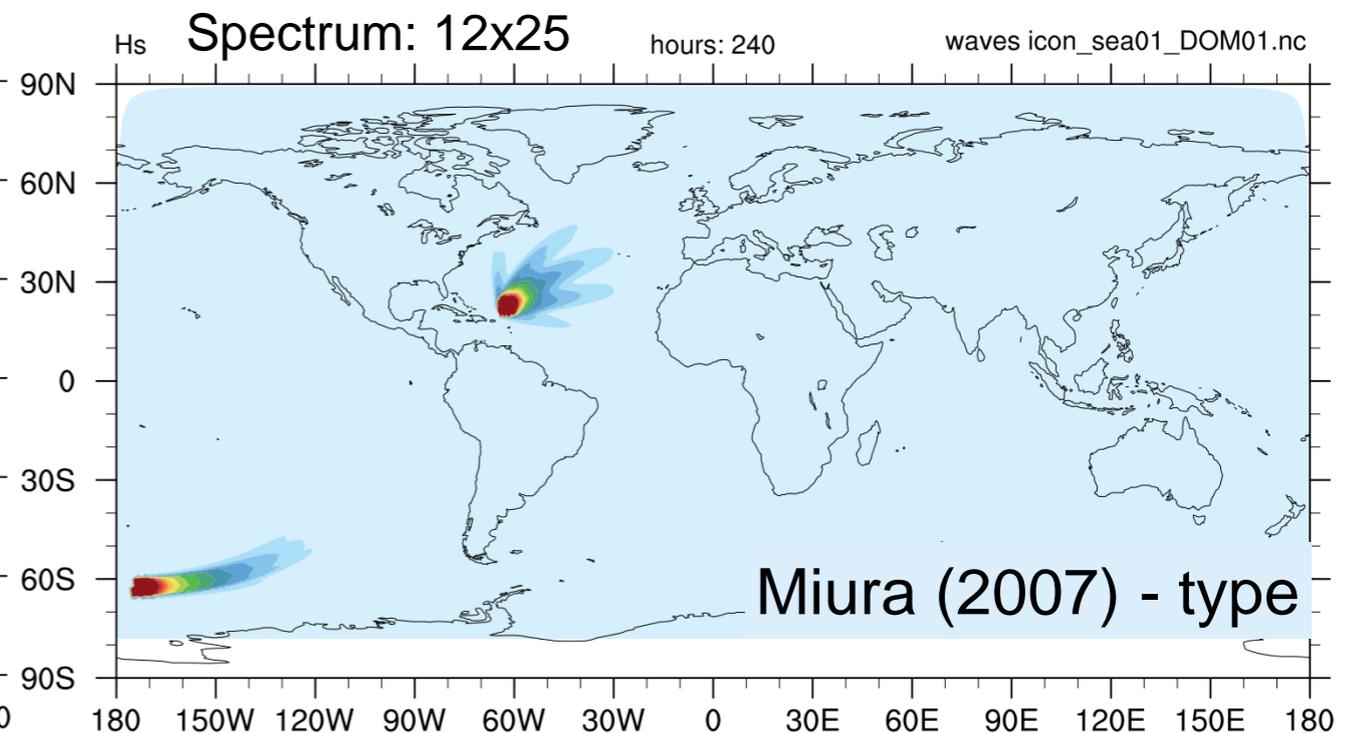
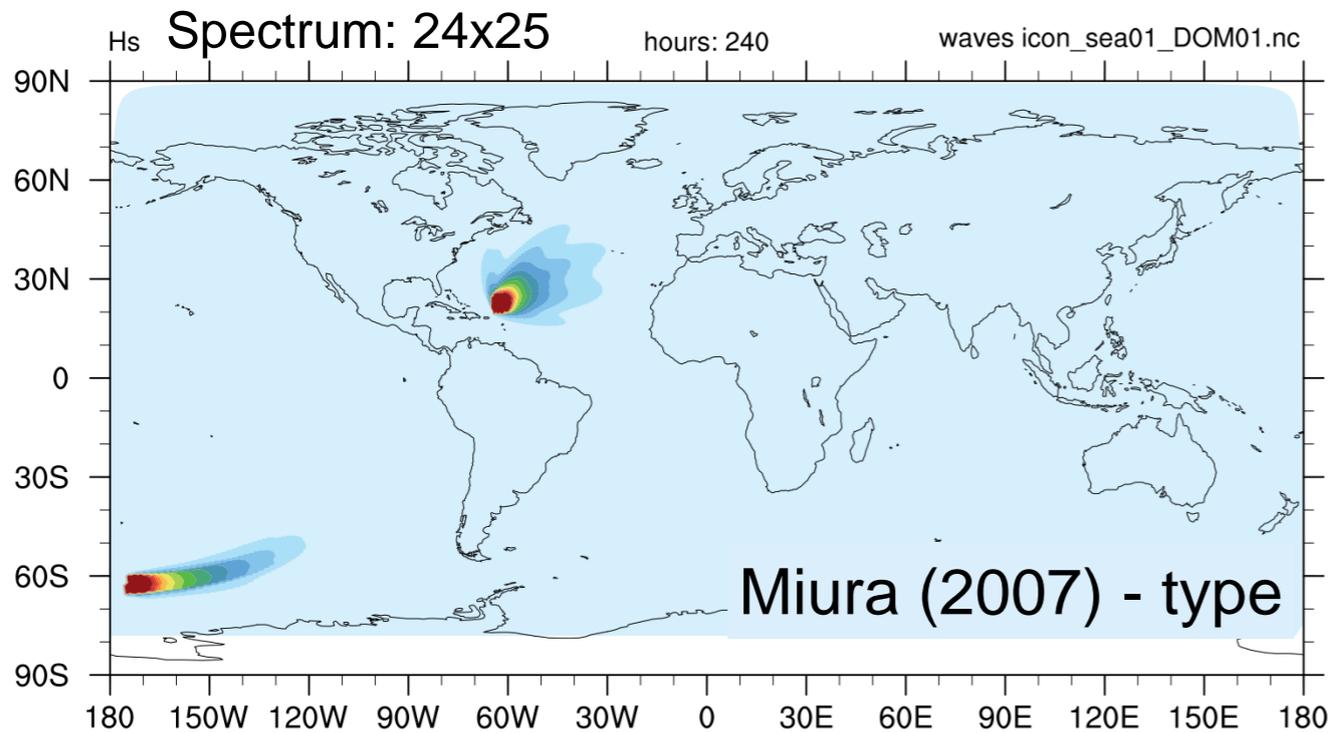
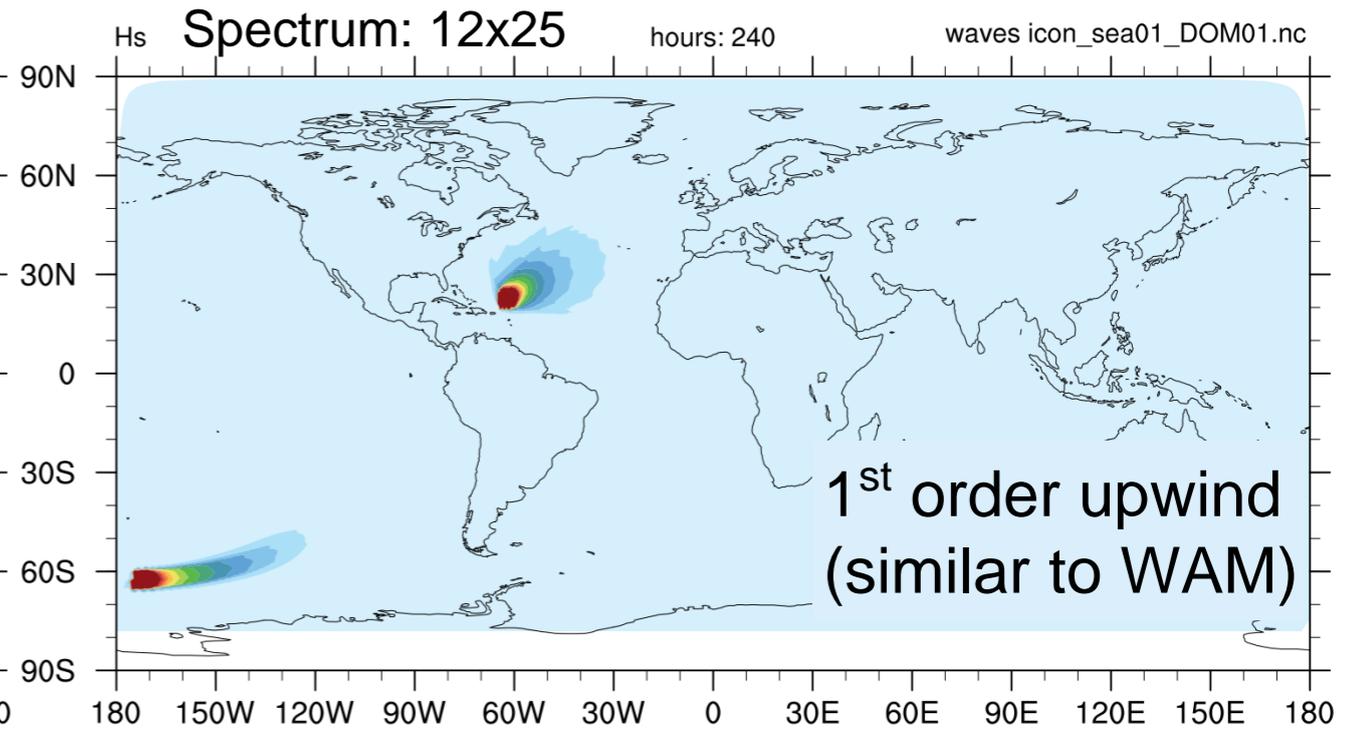
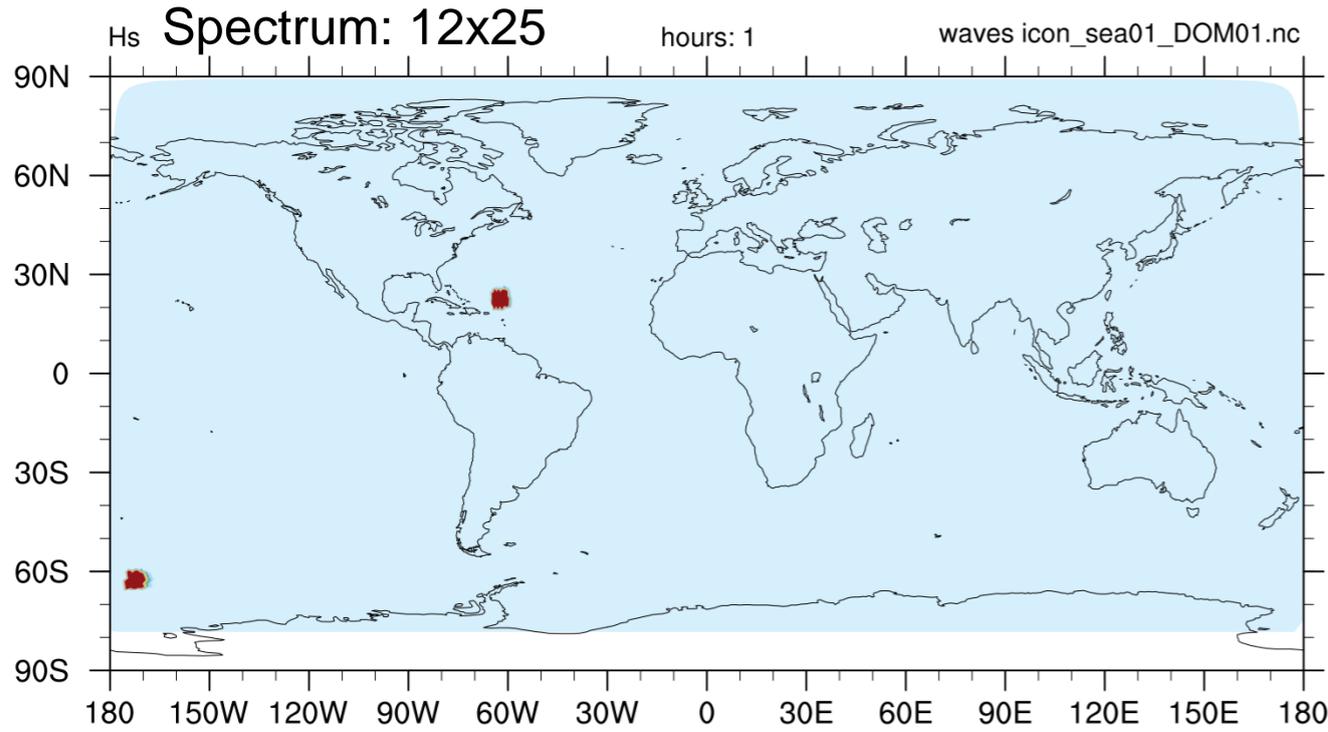
* Lauritzen, P. H., C. Erath, and R. Mittal, 2011a: On simplifying 'incremental remap'-based transport schemes. *J. Comput. Phys.*, 230, 7957–7963.

* Lauritzen, P. H., R. D. Nair, and P. A. Ullrich, 2010: A conservative semi-Lagrangian multi-tracer transport scheme (CSLAM) on the cubed-sphere grid. *J. Comput. Phys.*, 229, 1401–1424.

* Komen, G. J., S. Hasselmann, and K Hasselmann, 1984: On the existence of a fully developed wind-sea spectrum. *Journal of physical oceanography*, 14.8, 1271-1285.



ICON-waves: proof of concept



Miura, H., 2007: An upwind-biased conservative advection scheme for spherical hexagonal-pentagonal grids. Mon. Weather Rev., 135, 4038–4044.



In a few months...

- Analyse advection tests comparing to similar WAM setup
- Complete wave physics
- Switch to coupled mode with real forcing

Thank you for your attention

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